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Airport screeners slam TSA recertification program

"Basically, the testing is a complete joke," Clawson said. "I think they adjusted the tests because so many people were failing, and they knew that they couldn't lose their screener force."

She said low pay and bad hours are reasons the agency has been unable to keep parttime workers. She added that recent interviews revealed 11 of the 15 busiest airports do not have enough screeners.



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By Chris Strohm cstrohm@govexec.com

As an experienced passenger and baggage screener at Orlando International Airport, Renate Claws recognize odd activity. While her attention is usually focused on passengers waiting to board planer suspicions have turned to an internal matter: the Transportation Security Administration's annual reprogram for airport screeners.

Clawson, along with several screeners at other airports around the country, say the recertification; in so many problems that it should be scrapped.

Through interviews, e-mail exchanges and documents, TSA screeners paint a picture of a testing rebased more on subjective criteria than TSA standard operating procedures, leading to confusion an airport safety is being compromised. Most of the screeners contacted by Government Executive ask anonymous for fear of retaliation.

Screeners said a high number of workers failed the first time they took the recertification test, but I time because TSA is watering down its testing standards. Screeners who fail testing twice are suppleautomatically fired.

For example, a screener at New York's LaGuardia International Airport said 62 out of 122 screeners recertification test for the first time by early February failed. On Feb. 4 alone, 24 screeners took the failed. A screener at John F. Kennedy International Airport outside New York City said 11 out of 15 the test with for the first time failed, including him.

"Basically, the testing is a complete joke," Clawson said. "I think they adjusted the tests because so were failing, and they knew that they couldn't lose their screener force."

TSA spokesman Darrin Kayser challenged those claims, asserting that 99.5 percent of all passenger screeners passed the recertification test either on the first or second try. He said the claim that the uses subjective standards is "untrue" and "defies logic" given that less than I percent of screeners

The Testing Regime

TSA was handed responsibility for training and maintaining a passenger and baggage screening wo nation's 429 commercial airports after the Sept. 11 terrorist attacks. The agency established an ant program to ensure that screeners met all qualifications and standards for their jobs.

As part of the recertification program, screeners are given a knowledge and skills assessment that a phases: knowledge of standard operating procedures, image recognition and a practical demonstra

TSA administered the first two phases, but hired Lockheed Martin to conduct the third-phase test, is screeners the most problems. Under its contract, Lockheed Martin developed and implemented a to phase three, and is conducting and evaluating the practical demonstration tests. The tests evaluate customer services skills and procedures, such as waving a hand wand over a passenger, checking to passenger down and performing an explosive trace detection check.

Lockheed has a deadline of March 31 to complete the certification of all screeners, according to a L. He said company testers have completed TSA screener training classes and are qualified to evaluat

The Lockheed official declined to comment on the national pass and fail rates for screeners or the craised by screeners.

Testing Problems

Both Lockheed and TSA said screeners are being evaluated based on TSA's objective standard oper

Screeners, however, said subjective standards permeate their workplace. In some cases, Lockheed screeners they should perform tasks that do not adhere to standard operating procedures. In other supervisors have told screeners to disregard standard procedures on a daily basis, which has create screeners. And, in still other cases, trainers and testers have different interpretations of the procedure.

"We are getting information from four different sources and none of them match up," said one scretche best the first time he took it.

Screeners rattle off numerous examples of testing discrepancies they say are the result of using sal

For example, a screener at LaGuardia said Lockheed personnel told her during testing that she show suspicious bags when X-ray machines or explosive trace detection equipment are not working.

Screeners, however, said that standard operating procedures dictate that they leave suspicious bac call a supervisor or, if necessary, the police when detection machines are not working.

"You're telling my people to open something up that might be a bomb," said Bob Marchetta; acting New York Metropolitan Airport Workers Association, which was created last year to represent airpor behavior is going to kill American people. This is totally horrendous behavior."

A screener at Kennedy airport said he failed the phase-three test, but passed the second time. The watered down, he said, and the Lockheed tester appeared to be more interested in the words he u communicating with passengers than his actual screening techniques.

"Some people think they did worse on the second test, but they still passed," he said. "If they fired was failing, they wouldn't have a workforce. They can't do that."

Another screener passed the recertification test on his second try even though he waved an electric over a passenger who pretended to have an implanted heart pacer, which is a violation of standard

"We're not saying that Lockheed Martin was not prepared for this; we're saying that they are ill-pretesting," Marchetta said. "At this point, we believe Lockheed Martin is just lip-synding their way throcontract money."

Still another screener said she was notified within hours of taking her test that she had failed, even requirements say all test results must be sent to Washington for certification, which takes 48 hours screeners charge that TSA managers are selectively firing certain workers, such as screeners who had discrimination complaints, are involved in union organizing or have a medical condition, such as pre-

And several screeners said they have not received proper training for the recertification tests, which law. The General Accounting Office found in a Feb. 12 report that TSA has taken steps to enhance programs for screeners, but problems still remain.

"While TSA has begun developing and fielding recurrent training modules, staffing shortages and a speed connectivity at airports have made it difficult for all screeners to access these courses," the r

The Final Straw

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Some screeners said they are starting to look for new employment, given past problems they've ex agency as well as recent troubles with the training recertification program.

At a House hearing last week, Cathleen Berrick, director of GAO's homeland security and justice div turnover at TSA averages 14 percent annually, but ranges as high as 36 percent at some large airp pay and bad hours are reasons the agency has been unable to keep part-time workers. She added incerviews revealed 11 of the 15 busiest airports do not have enough screeners.

"TSA continues to struggle to maintain an adequate number of screeners at airport checkboints, an achieved a stable screener workforce," she said. Berrick added that TSA's hiring process "has hinde some [federal security directors] to adequately staff passenger and baggage screening checkpoints interviewed expressed concern that TSA's hiring process was not responsive to their needs, and we more input in the hiring process. These FSDs faced screener shortages that hindered their screenin

Clawson, who once qualified to be a screening supervisor, said she is seriously considering looking and her co-workers are frustrated, angry and becoming indifferent toward the problems at their air

"I will tell you that when I leave here I will not fly again until something is fixed," she said. "I want accountable for what's going on. The only reason I took this job is because I thought it was going i from other government agencies and I thought that we would have a government agency that wou and responsible, and that hasn't happened."

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DAILY BRIEFING

November 2, 2004

Airport screeners allege discrimination in recertification tests

By Chris Strohm cstrohm@govexec.com

An organization representing airport screeners is alleging that recertification tests discriminate against workers with medical disabilities and should be suspended until necessary modifications are made.

The recertification tests discriminate against screeners based on their age. race or disability, according to a complaint filed last week with the Justice Department by the Metropolitan Airport Workers Association, which is based in New York, but represents screeners nationwide. The complaint was filed against the Transportation Security Administration and two contractors.

In a statement Monday, TSA said that screeners must be medically and physically able to perform their

duties. The agency has required screeners to meet validated medica since March 2002, when the federal screener workforce was create





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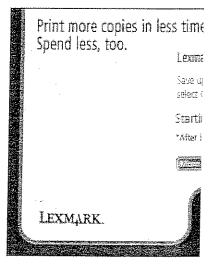
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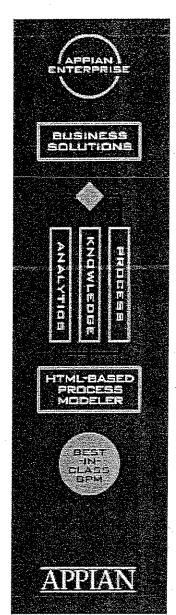
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"All screeners had to meet these standards upon hire and are require able to meet those standards in order to safely perform the critical of the screener position," TSA said.

The recertification program runs until June and has three test modithe program, screeners must prove their proficiency using X-ray musing and explosive detection machines, and performing a physica demonstration of passenger and baggage screening skills. TSA rencontract with Lockheed Martin for \$20 million to conduct the physevaluation of screeners' skills.

Confusion exists, however, over how medical information is used recertification program.

TSA said it is developing a new module for the recertification prog will specifically evaluate the ability of screeners to meet medical s The new module is not in place yet because the agency hasn't receifunds to implement it.

"TSA has been working on adding a module to the recertification t screeners meet the medical standards for the position," TSA said. "module will require contractor support, thus we will need to identifunding."

The handbook for this year's recertification program, however, inc section called "Medical Standards Evaluation." Portions of the han that medical information factors into the recertification program ar determines, in part, whether screeners pass or fail.

"For FY 04-05, screeners will be asked to complete a medical questand get further assessment if their medical condition requires addit evaluation," the handbook states.

The "Frequently Asked Questions" section of the handbook states medical standards evaluation is involved in the recertification proc flow chart indicates that a medical standards evaluation is a compc recertification program. According to the chart, if a screener passer modules and receives a rating of acceptable of above on his or her performance assessment but does not meet the screener medical gubecause of a medical condition that is permanent, then the screener removed from employment.

Bob Marchetta, MAWA's director of administration, claimed the n

portion of the tests violate up to four federal laws, including the 19 Americans with Disabilities Act and the 1974 Privacy Act.

MAWA's complaint alleges that TSA and Lockheed Martin are discriminating against screeners by administering the tests. MAW meeting with officials from the federal agency and Lockheed Mart criteria for the tests.

In the complaint, MAWA says that screeners who have been suspe fired based on the medical portion of the tests should be immediate reinstated.

Lockheed Martin spokeswoman Jeanine Zeitvogel said the compar "received official notification about this complaint, so we have not about it at this time nor can we speculate on the content."

In some cases, Marchetta said, the recertification tests do not make accommodations for screeners with medical disabilities.

"You might have a problem in a certain area where you need certain accommodations," he said. "To not have this means you run the ris performing poorly and being fired."

MAWA also filed eight complaints during the past two weeks with Office of Civil Rights over the recertification tests, Marchetta adde

TSA said it is in compliance with appropriate laws. "Also, to the expossible, we make adjustments for screeners who are temporarily in the agency said. "We review each individual situation, taking certainto consideration, such as the prognosis for recovery, whether the or will be, able to effectively perform the full range of screener duracompromising security, and the operational feasibility of any accommodation."

"If a screener cannot perform all necessary security screening func whether due to a medical condition or for some other reason, such substandard performance, we cannot retain that individual as a screagency statement added. "Whether that individual can be employed in the agency generally depends on factors such as TSA's operation and the availability of vacant positions for which the individual is



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DAILY BRIEFING

October 18, 2004

TSA revamps annual screener recertification tests

By Chris Strohm cstrohm@govexec.com

The Transportation Security Administration is testing and recertifying its workforce of about 45,000 airport passenger and baggage screeners.

The second annual screener recertification program began last month and will run through June 2005, according to Peter Marcello, TSA's recertification program manager. Under the program, screeners must prove their proficiency using X-ray and explosive detection machines, and perform a physical demonstration of passenger and baggage screening skills.

The agency spent months retooling the recertification program to avoid problems that plagued the first annual tests, which wrapped up in May, said Elizabeth Kolmstetter, TSA's acting

assistant administrator for workforce performance and training.





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MSNBC - TSA Has Fired 112 Honolulu Employees Since 2002

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TSA Has Fired 112 Honolulu Employees Since 2002

KITV-TV

HONOLULU - The Transportation Security Administration has fired 112 of its Honolulu employees for misconduct and other offenses since the agency began operating in Hawaii in April 2002, KITV has learned. That's roughly 17 percent of its workforce terminated for cause. KITV's investigation found Hawaii TSA screeners were fired for sleeping on the job, being drunk or high at work and abandoning their posts.

TSA's Honolulu office has a high percentage of firings compared to other stressful workplaces, such as the Honolulu Police Department.

Since 2002, four Honolulu TSA employees have been fired for sleeping on duty, another five were let go for being drunk at work and six others were terminated for failing drug tests.

"We don't want our screeners to be acting inappropriately, because we are in a position of public trust and if we violate that trust, then we're not doing our job," TSA spokesman Nico Melendez said.

HONOLULU TSA FIRING REASONS Description No. Of Workers Fired Miscellaneous 20 Attendance 15 Failed Certification 14 Absent Without Leave/

Abandonment 13 Misconduct 10 Failed Drug Test 6 Under Influence of Alcohol 5 Sleeping on Duty 4 Excessive Leave 4 Failure to Follow Procedures 3 Time Sheet Falsification/Attendance 3 Unsatisfactory Performance 2 Inappropriate Behavior 2 Security Breach 1 Improper Security Procedures 1 Felony Involving Assault 1 Failure to Follow Security Measures 1 Took Prohibited Item 1 Sexual Harassment 1 Sexual Misconduct 1 Improper Screening Procedures 1 Security Background Check 1 No Show For Exam 1 Failed Training 1

Fifteen TSA employees in Hawaii were fired for problems with attendance, while another 13 were terminated because they abandoned their posts or were absent without leave. Three others were let go for falsifying time sheets.

"We will research and investigate each claim fully and take steps when necessary because we expect our screeners to live up to a higher standard than anyone else," Melendez said.

One TSA screener was fired for a security breach, while another was let go for improper security procedures, still another for improper security screening and another for felony assault.

"We have good men and women who are dedicated to the security of aviation and to the security of the transportation system, and I think we need to recognize that we have more good people working for us than we do bad," Melendez said.

Because of employee privacy rules, the TSA would not release specifics of the cases.

"They're working weird shifts, they're working long hours and working under extreme conditions and working under conditions, where they have to deal with passengers that sometimes are not too friendly," Melendez said.

MSNBC - TSA Has Fired 112 Honolulu Employees Since 2002

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HONOLULU TSA FIRINGS Year No. Of Workers Fired 2002 7 2003 60 2004 33 2005 12

The TSA said the number of Honolulu TSA employees fired has decreased since a high of 60 in 2003 — its first full year of operation. Thirty-three were fired in 2004 and just 12 were terminated last year. That works out to the TSA firing about 17 percent of its 630 employees over the last few years.

That's a much higher percentage than at the Honolulu Police Department, which also provides 24-hour service to the public in often-stressful situations. Just eight HPD employees were fired in the last three years out of nearly 2,800. That's a tiny fraction of 1 percent.

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The Hawaii Channel

Airport Whistleblower Says TSA Retaliating Against Him

TSA Directors Says Employee Involved In Personnel Investigation

POSTED: 7:18 am HST June 29, 2005 UPDATED: 10:39 am HST June 29, 2005

HONOLULU — The man who blew the whistle on safety problems at Honolulu International Airport told KITV 4 News that the Transportation Safety Agency is retaliating against him.

Complaints forced TSA at the airport to stop the unsafe storage of hundreds of pounds of flammable materials like cigarette lighters seized at airport checkpoints.

Robert Cravens fears that he will be fired by the Transportation Security Administration for bringing to light safety problems at the airport, so he decided to talk to KITV 4 News.

Cravens, 52, was a property clerk who inventoried thousands of banned items seized or surrendered at Honolulu International Airport. He said TSA had no plan to store hundreds of pounds of cigarette lighters seized since April -- along with other flammables, like matches, fireworks, paint and paint thinner.



So huge quantities of the stuff were being kept just steps away from the TSA operations center and an employee break room.

"It's just elementary hazmat 101 — that you could possibly have an explosion," Cravens said. Starting June 1, he said he complained verbally and in writing about the situation. He lodged 12 complaints.

"I was complaining, complaining, complaining and they took no action," Cravens said. So he went outside the TSA to the U.S. Labor Department, the State Health Department and others. They inspected the site, found unsafe conditions and recommended changes that TSA made in the last week.

Cravens said in the middle of last month, after he'd been complaining for two weeks, managers transferred him to another job and cut his hours drastically.

"This comes under retaliatory tactics and it's unacceptable," Cravens said. He said his work schedule was reduced from 30 or more hours a week down to 18 hours. Because of the drop in hours he lost his medical benefits.

"And they cut my days down to four hours a day. It's just blatant retaliation," Cravens said. Sidney Hayakawa, who oversees TSA operations in Honolulu, said Cravens "has not been re-assigned because of what he said. We are investigating him because of an allegation of harassment against him by another employee."

"The totally false, outrageous allegations are that I harassed an employee and threatened an employee and that I falsified property clerk documents," Cravens said.

Cravens said he lodged a similar complaint against a female co-worker in the property clerk's office and believes she turned around and filed the same complaint against him.

Hayakawa said he transferred Cravens to separate the two employees with the conflict, as is called for in TSA personnel regulations.

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